THE [Numb. 730.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, *May* 3, 1759.

From the UNIVERSAL CHRONICLE.

Some remarkable Passages of the Life and Death of the celebrated Dr. BOERHAAVE.

IT was the daily Practice of this eminent Physician Dr. BOERHAAVE, throughout his whole Life, as soon as he arose in the Morning, which was generally very early, to retire for an Hour to private Prayer, and Meditation on some Part of the Scriptures.—He often told his Friends, when they asked him how it was possible for him to go through so much Fatigue, that it was This which gave him Spirit and Vigour in the Business of the Day. *This* he therefore recommended as *the best Rule* he could give; for nothing, he said, could tend more to the Health of the Body, than the Tranquillity of the Mind; and that he knew nothing which could support himself or his Fellow Creatures, amidst the various Distresses of Life, but a well grounded Confidence in the Supreme Being upon the Principles of Christianity. This Remark of the Doctor's is undeniably just, for a benevolent Manner of Acting, and a true Greatness of Soul, can never flow from any other Source than a Consciousness of the Divine Favour and Assistance.—This was strongly exemplified in his own Illness in 1722, which can hardly be told without Horror, and by which the Course of his Lectures as well as his Practice was long interrupted. He was for five Months confined to his Bed by the Gout, where he lay upon his Back without daring to attempt the least Motion, because any Effort renewed his Torments, which were so excessive, that he was at length not only deprived of Motion but of Sense.—Here his Medical Art was at a Stand, nothing could be attempted, because nothing could be supported with the least Prospect of Success. But having (in the fifth Month of his Illness) obtained some Relaxation, he determined to try whether the Juice of Fumitory, Endive, and Succory, taken twice a Day in large Quantities (viz. above half a Pint each Dose) might not contribute to his Relief, and by a Perseverance in this Method he was wonderfully recovered. This Patience of BOERHAAVE's was founded not on vain Reasonings, like that of which the *Stoics* boasted, but on a religious Composure of Mind, and a christian Resignation to the Will of GOD.

Of his Sagacity and the wonderful Penetration with which he often discovered and described, at the first Sight of a Patient, such Distempers as betray themselves by no Symptoms to common Eyes, such wonderful Accounts have been given, as can scarcely be credited, tho' attested beyond all doubt.—Yet this great Master of Medical Knowledge was so far from a presumptuous Confidence in his Abilities, or from being puffed up by his Riches, that he was condescending to all, and remarkably diligent in his Profession, so he used often to say that the Life of a Patient (if called with, or neglected) would be *One* Day required at the Hand of the Physician.——And he always called the Poor his best Patients, for GOD, says he, is their Paymaster.

The Affability of his Mien sparkled visibly in his Eyes.—He was always chearful, and desirous of promoting every valuable End of Conversation; and the Excellency of the Christian Religion was frequently the Subject of it; for he allowed, on all proper Occasions, the Divine Authority and sacred Efficacy of the Scriptures, and maintained, that *they only* could give Peace of Mind, that sweet and sacred Peace which gathers all Understanding, since None can conceive it, but he who has it, and none can have it, but by Divine Communication. He never regarded Calumny, nor Detraction, (for even BOERHAAVE himself had his Enemies) nor ever thought it necessary to confute them. "They are "*Sparks*, (he would say) that *will* fly out of the Fire, and "*go out of themselves*."—*The best Armour against*

"*Scandal, is* TO LIVE IT DOWN *by a Perseverance* "*in well-doing; and by praying to God, that* "*he would cure the Distemper'd Minds of those mali-* "*cious, and injurious ones.*"—An excellent Method this; especially as it keeps our own Minds composed and unruffled, while the Hearts of our Accusers are overflowing with Rancour, Envy, and other diabolical Passions.

He was not to be overawed, or deterred, by the Presence, Power, or Influence of Great Men, but persisted on all Occasions in doing what was right, regardless of the Consequences.—He could, too, with uncommon Readiness and almost to a Certainty, make a Conjecture of Men's Inclinations and Capacity by their Aspect.—A Sagacity perhaps unequalled, and which often surprized even his most intimate Acquaintance, tho' they so well knew his Talents.

Being once asked by a Friend, who had often admired his Patience under great Provocations, whether he knew what it was to be angry, and by what Means he had so entirely suppressed that impetuous, and ungovernable Passion? Dr. BOERHAAVE answered, with the utmost Frankness and Sincerity, that he was *naturally* quick of Resentment, but that he had, by daily Prayer, and Meditation, at length attained to this Mastery *over himself*.—But this he said was the Work of *God's Grace*, for he was too sensible of his own Weakness to ascribe any thing to himself, or to conceive that he could subdue Passion, or withstand Temptation *by his own natural Power*. He attributed every good Thought, and every laudable Action, to the Father of Goodness.

To the Will of God he paid an absolute Submission, without endeavouring to discover *the Reasons* of his unsearchable Determinations, and this he accounted the first and most inviolable Duty of a Christian.

About the Middle of the Year 1737 he felt the first Approaches of that fatal Illness, which brought him to the Grave; viz. a Disorder in his Breast, which was at Times very painful, often threatened him with immediate Suffocation, and terminated in an universal Dropsy, but during this affective and lingering Illness, his Constancy and Firmness did not forsake him. He neither intermitted the necessary Cares of Life, nor forgot the proper Preparations of Death. About three Weeks before his Dissolution, when the Rev. Mr. Schultens, one of the most learned and exemplary Divines of the Age, attended him at his Country-House, the Doctor desired his Prayers, and afterwards entered into a most remarkably judicious Discourse with him on the Spiritual and immaterial Nature of the Soul; and this he illustrated to Mr. Schultens with wonderful Perspicuity, by a Description of the Effects which the Infirmities of his Body had upon his Faculties; which yet they did not so oppress or vanquish, but his Soul was always Master of itself, and always returned to the Pleasure of its Maker—and then he added, "*He who knows* GOD *ought to think* "*nothing desirable but what is most pleasing to the* "*Supreme Goodness.*" These were his Sentiments, and such was his Conduct in this State of Weakness and Pain. As Death approached nearer, he was so far from Terror or Confusion, that he seemed less sensible of Pain, and more chearful under his Torments, which continued till the 23d Day of September, 1738, on which he died (much honoured and lamented) between four and five in the Morning, in the 70th Year of his Age—often recommending to the By-standers a careful Observation of St. John's Precepts concerning the Love of GOD and Love of MAN, as frequently inculcated in his first Epistle, particularly in the 5th Chapter.

Such were the Qualities of the Great BOERHAAVE——So far was this truly eminent Man from being made impious by Philosophy, or vain by his extraordinary Genius for Physick, that he derived all his Abilities to the Botany, and all his Goodness to the Grace of GOD.——May his Example extend its Influence to his Admirers and Followers! May those who study his Writings as a Physician, imitate his Life as a Christian! And thus, while they are endeavouring after his Medical Knowledge, be aspiring likewise to his exalted Piety; as he was so admirable a Pattern of Patience, Fortitude, Chearfulness, Charity, Candour, Humility, and Devotion.

His Funeral Oration was spoken in Latin before the University of Leyden to a very numerous Audience, by Mr. Schultens, and afterwards published at their particular Desire.

Extract from a French anonymous Work, intituled, Reflexions of * * * * * *, written about Six Years since, but may undoubtedly be, with greater Justice, applied to England at this Time, than at the Time when it was written.

THE French and English have divided Europe between them, which of the Two have acted the most conspicuous Part?

The last Century was the Age of France, the present is the Age of England.

Lewis XIV was arrived at universal Monarchy, that is, to such a Degree of Power as enabled him alone to make head against all. The English will acquire it in their Turn. This will be the Case, when, under the Shadow of the Jealousies they shall raise against France, as she herself had raised against the Heads of Austria, they shall have so far improved their Marine and Trade, as to engross to themselves all the Riches of Europe.

The universal Monarchy of England will be more durable, because it will be more gold; and it will be more solid, because it will be more slow. In some Respects it will be more equitable, because a Nation of Kings is generous. In others more weighty, because this Nation of Kings will be at the same Time a Nation of Merchants. And in other Respects more humbling, for nothing is so haughty as the Empire of the Sea.

Lewis XIV did not come to that fierce Infancy of universal Monarchy, but by oppressing his Subjects during the whole Course of his Reign. England will come to it by enriching her People; the one took the direct high Road to Despotism, the other will pass through the untrodden Paths of Liberty.

No other Idea could fill up the Greatness of Lewis the XIVth's Soul. The Genius of this Institution, the Ministry laid the Plan. Valour, in Concert with Wisdom, executed it. England will rise to a higher Pitch of Power, without any concerted Design. The Frame of its Constitution will carry it thither, and the Indolence of other Nations will favour its Constitution. She must become Mistress of Europe, without having formed the Project of being so; astonished at the Extent of her own Power, she will be convinced of it only by the Apprehensions of all her Neighbours, by their Submissions to her imperious Oracles, and by their impotent Leagues.

The Blindness of some States is beyond Conception. They take Umbrage at the ambitious Pretensions of an Empire which must be exhausted of Men and Money, for the Conquest of a Province; and they are not alarmed at the Progress of a People, who every Year acquire, without any Struggle, the Resources of a rich Province. Is not he alone the True Monarch of the World, who carries on its Trade?

LONDON, *January* 25.

HER Royal Highness the Princess of Orange dictated, the very Day she died, to M. de Lorry, a very long Letter to her Father the King of Great-Britain, and signed it with her own Hand.

Imme-

Immediately after the Decease of the Princess Governante, the States General wrote the following Letter to the King of Great-Britain:

SIRE,

"It is with the deepest Concern that we find ourselves under a Necessity of informing your Majesty of the melancholy Event that has just happened, by the Death of her Royal Highness the Princess Governante, whom it has pleased God to take out of this World, in the Night between the 12th and 13th Instant.

"We can too well conceive, by our own extreme Affliction for the Loss of this great and excellent Princess, the Situation of your Majesty's paternal Heart on this melancholy Occasion.

"We feel it most sensibly, and wish we could, by mingling our Tears with those of your Majesty, in some Measure lessen its Bitterness. We pray that the Almighty may be graciously pleased to support your Majesty to the most advanced Age, and bless the two illustrious Branches that are left to us, and which we shall cherish with all possible Tenderness.

"We presume to assure you, Sire, that we will employ all our Care, and bestow our whole Attention, on what concerns the Rights and Interests of the young Prince, and Madame the Princess his Sister, whom we look upon as the Children of the Republic. And at the same Time we request a Continuance of your Majesty's Good Will towards this State. We shall endeavour to deserve it more than ever, by the Zeal and Devotion with which we shall ever be, Sire, &c. &c."

It is said, that at the same Time that Sugar was sold in Jamaica at 25 l. per Hundred, the French West-India Planters, rather than run any Risk, or pay the extravagant Price of Insurance and Freight, sold to several Persons on the contraband Trade, from 8/6 to 12 l. per Hundred. An evident Proof, if true, of the great Superiority of our Naval Power in those Seas.

Extract of a Letter from Samuel White, Esq; the British Consul at Vigo, Dec. 17.

"We have been pretty quiet for some Months past on the Coast of Galicia and Portugal, having not been molested by French Privateers, but now they begin to visit us again, and I fear we shall swarm with that Vermin, as we did two Years ago. A Row-Boat, with a Lute Stern, came lately on our Coast, picked up an English Brig, and carried her off. I could not hear what she was, nor any further Particulars about her. And four Days ago came in here another French Privateer, called La Favorite, Captain Saumel, who on the 27th ult. between Cape Ortugal and Cape Finisterre, fell in with an English Brig, Pink-Stern, about 100 Tons Burthen, boarded her, and found only two Genoese on board; and seeing the Vessel bloody on the Deck, and in the Cabbin found all the Papers had been thrown over-board, directly suspected they had murdered the Captain and Crew; and taxing them with the Fact, they confessed that they had killed the Captain, his Son, and every Soul, being seven in all. The cruel Way they perpetrated this Massacre was as follows: Each of these Villains was in different Watches, one in the Master's, the other in the Mate's. He that was in the Mate's Watch went down with them to sleep, and waited till he found them all fast asleep, then cut all their Throats, and stabbed them in several Parts of the Body, and left them all dead. The Captain being on the Deck, knew nothing of all this. This Fellow then came upon Deck, and told his Comrade what he had done below; upon which they both at once fell on the Captain, and cleaved him down with a Hatchet; being not quite dead, they finished him with a Musket; and the Man at the Helm they cut in two; and so made an End of them all but the Captain's Son, who was left three Days crying for his Father. The third Day they said, that as he squalled like a Cat, they would dispatch him likewise; so they cut the Child in two. The Vessel is sent to Bayeux in France, with these two Villains in her. She was (they say) the Peggy, Captain Forman; was coming from Carolina to Lisbon, and had got within sixty Leagues of the Rock of Lisbon when this horrid Barbarity was perpetrated." [This is the Captain of the aforesaid Privateer's Declaration to the Consul at Vigo, and he said it was what the Villains confessed to him on board the Brig.]

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) April* 7.

A remarkable Comet, supposed to be the same that has been so much talked of, and looked for throughout the last Year, and by some in 1757, has made it's Appearance, and been observed by many People, in all Parts of the Province within these 10 Days. It's Tail is very long and slender, and of a very bright white Colour.

By a Gentleman from Georgia, we are informed, that on the 26th ult. a new Commission, appointing his Excellency HENRY ELLIS, Esq; Governor in Chief, &c. of that Province, was published in Savannah, to the no small Joy of its Inhabitants; who on this Occasion manifested their general Satisfaction, by all the usual Tokens: The General Assembly were sitting, and presented his Excellency very cordial Addresses; Col. Jones's Troop of Horse and the Regiment of Foot Militia were under Arms; the Guns mounted on the Works were fired; and in the Evening there were Bonfires, and the principal Houses were illuminated.

On Monday last arrived here from England, his Majesty's Ships the Success and Mermaid, commanded by Peter Henry Ourry, and William Hackman, Esquires. These Ships were appointed purposely to Convoy the Trade of this Province; and we hear, will return for England, about the 1st of May next.

The Master of one of the Vessels lately arrived here from England, in her Passage, after she had been a Fortnight at Sea, spoke with a Fleet from Bristol, that had come out under Convoy of the Brilliant Man of War, from which he was informed, that 14 large outward bound French Merchantmen had fallen in the midst of them in the Night, and that the Brilliant had taken two.

We learn from Fort Loudoun, that two Parties of the Cherokees were gone out, to order if possible, to discover the Route the French Garrison of Fort Duquesne took. We have had some Reports from those Parts not very favourable; but the above, which may be depended upon, seems to give Assurance of their Attachment to the British Interest. A strong Detachment from the South-Carolina Regiment, it is said, have Orders to march immediately for the Country of the said Indians.

BOSTON, *April* 15.

Last Tuesday arrived here Capt. West from St. Kitts, but last from St. Martins, who informs, That on Thursday the 29th of March last, in Lat. 29. N. and Long. 69. he was brought to by the famous Monsr. Chateleau, who ordered him on board, and took out of his Vessel about 1000 lb. Wt. of Cotton-Wool, two Puncheons of Rum, and some Provisions; but treated him and his People with a great deal of Humanity and Courtesy, and after detaining him on board some Time, released him; and upon Capt. West's remonstrating that he should be left short of Provisions, he generously ordered them to be returned, and put on board the Sloop again. His Ship had 28 Guns mounted, but had Ports for 36.—His Cruize being out, he was bound from Cape-François, laden chiefly with Coffee and Indigo, for St. Maloes in France, where his Owners lived.—He had several Ransomers on board.

Capt. Darby arrived at Salem last Thursday Night in 28 Days from Gibraltar; two Days before he left that Place, two Men of War arrived from England, which came out with Admiral Saunders's Fleet, consisting of about 20 Sail of Men of War, and 40 Transports, all bound for America.

Extract of a Letter from Louisbury, March 13.

"This Day about Noon, returned from a Scout, a Party of Rangers, who were sent out some Time ago by the General, to see if they could discover any of the Enemy on this Island. They brought in with them, 18 French Prisoners, equipped with Arms and Ammunition, and left behind them about 100 more, Men, Women, and Children, who were not able to travel to this Place. They left a Party to wait upon them, and conduct them to this Place as soon as the Weather will permit. We are informed by these Prisoners which are already come in, that last Fall a Sloop from Boston to St. John's, was cast ashore, and that they and their Comrades murdered the People and plundered the Vessel; this was done at the back side of the Island. They also say, that another Vessel was drove on Shore since the Surrender of this Place, whose Crew they treated as they did the former. It is supposed to be a Vessel from this Port to Newfoundland, with King's Stores on board."

The Public are desired to beware of Counterfeit Dollars, for such are passing among us; they are cast so badly that scarce any Body can be deceived by them; their Edges seem rather to be beat up with a Hammer than milled; they are dated 1757, and weigh but about 14 Penny-weight.

ALBANY, *April* 14.

The first Battalion of the Royal Americans, who were ordered from hence for Schenectady, are now to return with all Expedition; and 'tis said they are to march to the Westward.

Two Days ago we had a Report here, that two Soldiers were killed and scalped near Half-Way; but it proves to be a Mistake.

April 16. This Day we expect the 6 Companies of the Royal Americans from Schenectady. They are to be sent to the Ohio. The Remains of the 1st Battalion of the Royal Regiment are ordered to Albany. They arrived this Morning.

Last Night's Gazette has received from Boston Statistics, whose all was well; on his Way from Boston he met Sir William Johnson, who was treating with a great Number of Indians of different Nations, and he had made several Speeches to them, which they spoke his Mind very freely; that the Indians told Sir William, why he did not visit them at their Castles so often as formerly. To which he answered, That the Blood of several of his Brethren that had been lately scalped, lay in his Way, so that he could not visit them with Safety; but that as soon as he would replace those Scalps by as many of the Enemy, he would visit them as much as ever he did.

NEW-YORK, *April* 24.

Tuesday last the Lion Transport, Capt. Smith, arrived here from England. She sailed from Portsmouth, the 14th of February, under Convoy of Commodore Holmes, but on the 25th following, in Lat. 43, Long. 15, the whole Fleet was separated in a violent Gale of Wind, which continued till the 27th, when Capt. Smith joined about 30 Sail of the Fleet again; amongst which was the Admiral in the Somerset, of 70 Guns, having lost his Mizen Top-mast; the Northumberland, Lord Colville, lost her Main-mast, Mizen-mast, and Fore Top-mast; the Seahorse lost her Main-mast, and Mizen Top-mast; a Transport lost her Main and Fore Masts; and the Crown, another Transport, was obliged to save the flat-bottomed Boat that was on her Deck. Many more of the Ships received considerable Damage; but as Capt. Smith lost none of his Masts, he proceeded on his Voyage, and when he left the Fleet, he could perceive they were steering to the Southward, and as he imagined, were bound to Gibraltar, to repair the Damages they received.

Next Day arrived at Sandy-Hook, and are now come into Port, the following Transport Ships, Part of Admiral Holmes's Squadron, viz. Ship Prince of Wales, George Potts, Master. Ship Eadon and Mary, Benjamin Longstill, Master. Ship James and Henrietta, John Meeke, Master. Ship Three Sisters, Samuel Melenor, Master. Ship Jane, John Garrit, Master. Ship Two Brothers, Scarf Stockton, Master. And Ship Hopewell, George Masterman, Master. None of the above Ships received any Damage worth Notice, in the Storm that separated the Fleet.

Saturday the 42d, or Royal Highland Regiment, was reviewed here, by his Excellency Jeffery Amherst, Esq; Major General, and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces in North-America: They made a beautiful Appearance, and went thro' their Exercise with the greatest Exactness.

Saturday also, Capt. Turrell arrived in 10 Days from Barbados. He says, That Commodore Moore intended, as soon as he got properly watered at Dominico, to go with half of his Fleet off of Martinico, and send in a Challenge to Monf. Roppa, to come out and fight him.

Sunday Morning last returned here from a tolerable good Cruize, the Privateer Snow Boscawen, Captain Rutgers. Twenty Days ago he left a Monto-Christo, the Privateers George, and Retaliation, Captains Haley, and Lightfoote, and 104 Sail of Merchantmen; and we can assure the Public, that Mr. Agnew, Captain Haley's First Lieutenant, who, it was said, was killed at Guadaloupe, was well when Capt. Rutgers left Monto-Christo.

There were a Number of New-York Privateers cruizing to Windward, in Hopes of falling in with some of the European Fleet expected among the French Islands.

The same Day returned here from a Cruize, also, the Privateer Brig New-York, Captain Davis; having taken nothing since the large Spanish Ship she carried into Louisburg, soon after that Place surrendered to Admiral Boscawen; in Company with the Colonister, Captain Lane, her Consort, taken by them off Newfoundland, bound to Louisburg.

We hear that four Companies of Col. Fraser's Regiment, have received Orders for immediate Embarkation.

We hear that the different Companies in this Province, have got their Quotas of Men without one single Person being disturbed; and we can assure those Gentlemen who have absented themselves from this City, that they should be desired, that they may now return with Safety, as the Quota for this Place is almost complained, or will, in a few Days, all Volunteers.

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A Letter from Lake Erie, says, That as Major Rogers was going with a Party of 72 Men to Weſt-Creek, on the 24th laſt. at Half an Hour after Noon in the Afternoon, he diſcovered a Party of about 150 French and Indians, who gave him the firſt Fire, killed 6, and wounded 4 of his Party, and then beſet Major Rogers cloſely, and in the Purſuit took 7 Priſoners, and 4 Scalps.—He continued his March till the 25th, when he found a French Indian belonging to the above mentioned Party, that through the Thigh, which diſabled him; and he, with the reſt of the French Priſoners, ſay, That the Army at Ticonderoga are in very great Want of Proviſions; each Man's Allowance being but a Quarter of a Pound of Meat, and a Biſket and a Half per Day.—The French Priſoners further ſay, That on the Firſt of this Inſtant April, as a Party of the French Regulars were deſerting to us, they were met with and taken by a Party of French Indians; and, after being carried back, were all hanged.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 26.

Saturday laſt the General Aſſembly of this Province adjourned to Monday the 21ſt of next Month.—The following Laws were paſſed laſt Seſſion, viz.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty the Sum of One Hundred Thouſand Pounds, *and for ſtriking the ſame in Bills of Credit, in the Manner herein after directed; and for providing a Fund for ſinking the ſaid Bills of Credit by a Tax on all Eſtates real and perſonal, and Taxables, within this Province.*

An Act to prevent the Exportation of bad or unmerchantable Staves, Heading, Boards and Timber.

A Supplement to an Act, entituled, An Act for preventing Abuſes in the Indian Trade, for ſupplying the Indians, Friends and Allies of Great-Britain, with Goods at more eaſy Rates, and for ſecuring and ſtrengthening the Peace and Friendſhip lately concluded with the Indians inhabiting the Northern and Weſtern Frontiers of this Province.

A Supplement to the Act, entituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Duty of Tonnage upon Ships and Veſſels; and alſo certain Duties upon Wine, Rum, Brandy, and other Spirits, and a Duty upon Sugar, for ſupporting and maintaining the Provincial Ship of War for protecting the Trade of this Province, and other Purpoſes for his Majeſty's Service.

An Act for regulating the Hire of Carriages, to be employed in his Majeſty's Service.

An Act for regulating the Officers and Soldiers in the Pay of this Province.

An Act for extending ſeveral Seſſions of an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the Thirty-ſecond Year of the preſent Reign, entituled, An Act for punihing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

We have Advice from the Weſtward, that 16 Horſes were lately carried off by a Party of French and Indians, near Fort Ligonier (lately Loyal Hanning) and that four Men were alſo carried off, and a Fifth killed and ſcalped by the ſame Party. The Party is thought to be from Venango, and came out after a white Priſoner, that had made his Eſcape from thence.

Extract of a Letter from Virginia, dated April 19.

"Our Aſſembly (now broke up) have gone thro the Supply Bill, amounting to 78,600*l.* and the Buſineſs of the Country recommended to them, with Chearfulneſs and Alacrity; they parted with the Governor in great good Humour.——The Levies go on pretty ſucceſsfully; in a little Time, it is hoped, the Men wanting will be raiſed, ſo as to make the whole 1500."

"In our laſt we inſerted a Liſt of the French Fleet, under the Command of Monſ. Bompar, at Martinico; the following is the Force of Commodore Moore's Squadron in the Weſt-Indies, viz. One Ship of 90, one of 80, four of 74, two of 66, two of 60, and two of 50 Guns. Frigates, one of 44, two of 40, one of 36, two of 24, and one of 22 Guns. Sloops, two of 14, and one of 12 Guns. Bomb Ketches, four of 8 Guns; being 12 Line of Battle Ships, 7 Frigates, 3 Sloops, and 4 Bombs. Total of Guns 1120, and of Men 8257; whereas the French is but 14 Sail in all, from 20 to 74 Guns only.

ANNAPOLIS, *May* 3.

Sunday Evening laſt, from Eight o'Clock to Twelve, and on Monday Evening, and laſt Night, (Tueſday Evening being ſomewhat Cloudy) appeared a Comet, which is ſituated the ſame that appeared in 1682, 1607, and 1680, and which Heavens was foretold by the great Sir Iſaac Newton, to be about the Year 1759. A Gentleman ſtill in Aſtronomical Affairs, ſays it is coming Northward.

By a Gentleman from *Virginia*, we are informed, that they have Letters from *St. Kitt's*, which ſay, that Guadaloupe had actually ſurrendered.

A Supplementary Bye-Law to the Bye-Law, entituled, *A Bye-Law for the Preſervation of the Streets and Public Paſſages within the City of Annapolis*.

WHEREAS it is doubted, whether the Bye-Law, entituled, *A Bye-Law for the Preſervation of the Streets and Public Paſſages within the City of Annapolis*, extends to Carriages of Burthen drawn by Oxen or other Creatures than Horſes;

Be it therefore Ordered, ordained, and eſtabliſhed, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common-Council, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Carriages of Burthen, which ſhall hereafter be drawn by any Oxen or other Creatures, ſhall be taken and deemed to be within the Proviſions of the ſaid Bye-Law: And that in Caſe any more Force than that of one Horſe, or any other one Creature, ſhall be employed in drawing any Carriage of Burthen, by any Inhabitant of this City, that the Perſon uſing or employing ſuch Carriage, ſhall be ſubject to the Regulations and Proviſions in reſpect of it's Wheels, in the ſaid Bye-Law mentioned, under the Penalty in the ſaid Bye-Law mentioned.

And be it ordained and eſtabliſhed by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſe any Inhabitant of this City ſhall, after the Firſt Day of *June* next, take, purchaſe or receive, any Commodity or Thing, out of or from any ſuch Carriage of Burthen as aforeſaid, not belonging to an Inhabitant of this City, the Fellows of the Wheels whereof ſhall not be Five Inches at leaſt in the Tread, and ſhall be drawn by more than one Horſe, or any other one Creature, ſhall be liable to the Penalty in the ſaid Bye-Law mentioned.

Provided always, That nothing in this Bye-Law, or the ſaid recited Bye-Law mentioned, ſhall be extended, or conſtrued to extend, to any Carriage of Burthen as aforeſaid, which ſhall be uſed or employed in carrying or tranſporting Victuals only, or to any Carriages of Burthen which ſhall come from any Diſtance beyond ten Miles from this City.

Read and Aſſented to this 26th Day of February, Anno Domini 1759.

(Signed *per* Order of the Corporation),

THOMAS HOOKER, Clerk.

PERSONS indebted to Meſſrs. CUNLIFFE, at their late Concern at *Townſide* on *Cheſter* River, are deſired to meet Mr. *John Glaſſell*, their Factor, at the Houſe of Mr. *Dougherty* at *Cheſter-Town*, on Tueſday and Wedneſday the 19th and 20th of *June*, who being impowered, will attend on thoſe Days, and they on their Parts are deſired to be prepared, to make a final Settlement of their Debts ſo long outſtanding. This Time and Place are appointed as convenient both to *Kent* and *Queen-Anne's* Counties. The harſh Meaſures that muſt of Neceſſity be taken with ſuch as diſregard this Notice, muſt not ungenerouſly be laid at the Door of the Subſcriber, whoſe Duty enjoins him unwillingly to be troubleſome, having already tired the Patience of his Conſtituents with his blameable Forbearance. This Hint is equally addreſſed to Meſſrs. CUNLIFFE's Debtors throughout the Province.

H. CALLISTER.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Goal the firſt Inſtant, on Suſpicion of being a Runaway, a likely Negro Boy, who calls himſelf *James*, and ſays he belongs to Mr. *James M'Rae* of *Virginia*, and that he formerly belonged to Lieutenant *Duncan M'Rae*, late in the *Maryland* Service. His Maſter may have him again, on paying Charges.

UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff.

Annapolis, May 3, 1759.

ANY Perſon having a Bay Craft to diſpoſe of, that is ſound and well built, which carries not leſs than Nine Hundred Buſhels, and draws not more than Five Feet when Laden, are deſired to apply to

JOHN BENNETT.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *George Cowen*, living in *Baltimore* County, in *Bond's Foreſt*, Two Red Heifers, marked with a Hole in each Ear, an Under-bit out of each Ear, and a Crop in the left Ear.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Annapolis*, on the 17th of *April* laſt, a Country-born Negro Man named *Harry*, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, ſpeaks good *English*, has a full Face, is well ſet, and about 25 Years of Age. Had on a Pennſylvania Waiſtcoat, Striped Country Cloth Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, coarſe Yarn Stockings, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and brings him to his Maſter, ſhall have a Fifteen Pound Reward, paid by

JOHN GILBERT.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Barney Hooker*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock with ſomething like L, paces naturally, has ſome white Hairs in the Root of her Tail, and has been trimm'd and head dock'd this Year.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

PHILIP SYNG,

BRASS-FOUNDER, from PHILADELPHIA,

Living near the Town Gate, in ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES (or Repairs) all Sorts of Braſs-Work, ſuch as Candleſticks, Heads or Knobs of all Sizes for Shovels, Dogs, *&c.* Furniture for Deſks and Cheſts of Drawers, Knockers for Doors, Boxes for Carriages, Mill Braſſes for Saw or Grift Mills, Plate-Warmers, *&c. &c. &c.* He alſo caſts Bells of all Sizes; and gives the beſt Prices for old Braſs and Copper.

N. B. Chocolate, Coffee and Raiſins, to be ſold by ſaid *Syng*.

PROPOSALS

FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A COMPLEAT BODY OF THE LAWS OF *MARYLAND*, to the 25th of *December*, 1758.

By the Reverend THOMAS BACON.

1. THE propoſed Edition will contain all the ACTS of ASSEMBLY of this Province in Force or Uſe, to the Period aforeſaid, printed in Folio on a good Paper, and a beautiful new Type.

2. The ſeveral Seſſions will be diſtinguiſhed by their proper Dates, Names of Governors, *&c.* The Titles of all the Acts inſerted in their due Order, as recorded in the Secretary's Office, with Reference to the Records where they may be found; and an Account of their ſeveral Continuations, and Time of Expiration or Repeal of ſuch as are expired or abrogated: The Seſſions in each Year to be divided into Chapters, and the Chapters into Sections, with Numbers, for the eaſier Quotation of any Laws in Being.

3. Ample marginal Notes will be printed, with Reference to any ſubſequent Law, whereby a Paragraph may, in any wiſe, be affected or altered: And an accurate Common Place, or ſhort Alphabetical Abridgment, will be added, whereby the Whole relating to any one Article, may be eaſily ſeen, and turned to in the ſeveral Acts at large.

The Editor having laid the foregoing Scheme of the Work, together with a large Specimen, before the General Aſſembly, the ſame was referred to a Committee of the Honourable Lower Houſe; who, upon Conſideration thereof, and Examination of the Editor, were pleaſed to report, among other Matters relative thereto, "That the Publication "of a Body of Laws of this Province, in the "Manner propoſed, would be of great and gene-"ral Utility. That three Gentlemen be nomina-"ted and appointed by Law; who, with the "Aſſiſtance of the Editor, and all his Materials "and Papers, *&c.* ſhall inſpect carefully the Re-"cords of the Laws, and conſider what are in "Force, or proper to be inſerted, or how they "taken Notice of in the ſaid Body. And that "the Editor's Propoſal, to deliver Eighteen Copies "of the ſaid Body (*for the Uſe of the Council "Courts, &c.*) for £. 300 Current, is reaſon-"able; provided they be delivered within Eigh-"teen Months from the Time the Original may "receive the Approbation of the Commiſſioners "be nominated as aforeſaid," *&c.* And upon Report the Houſe was pleaſed to concur.

As the Work is very large, and will, upon Computation, coſt the Editor upwards of £. 1200 Current Money, in Paper, Printing and Binding; and as the Number of Subſcriptions muſt determine the Number of Copies to be printed; It is propoſed,

I. THAT the Price to Subſcribers ſhall be Forty Shillings Current Money for each Copy: One

Half to be paid down at the Time of Subscription, and the other Half upon the Delivery thereof, neatly Bound in Calf, and Lettered.

II. That the Names of the Subscribers shall be printed, in Alphabetical Order, at the Head of their Books.

III. That no more Copies above those that are subscribed for, will be printed; which remaining Copies will be sold at an advanced Price. So that Gentlemen who neglect subscribing, will not only pay more, but run the Risque of being unsupplied at any Price whatever.

IV. That as the Materials must be imported from *England*, and the Quantity necessarily ascertained, before Orders can be given: Gentlemen willing to encourage the Work are desired to subscribe as speedily as possible, that the Publication thereof may be forwarded with the utmost Expedition.

V. That the Subscription will be closed some Time this Month, that timely Orders may be given for the Importation of Paper and other Materials; Nor will any Money be drawn out of the Hands of the Gentlemen who receive Subscriptions till such Orders are given. So that in Case of the Editor's Death, or other Accident, preventing the putting of the Work to Press, the Subscribers may have their Money returned, by the Gentlemen to whom they paid the same.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. *Benton Harris*, and Mr. *Isaac Morris*, in *Worcester* County.——Capt. *Henry Lewes*, Capt. *Henry Waggaman*, and Mr. *Levin Gale*, in *Somerset* County.——The Honourable *Henry Hooper*, Esq; Speaker, and Mr. *John Caille*, in *Dorchester* County.——The Honourable *William Goldsborough*, Esq; and Mr. *James Dickinson*, in *Talbot* County.——Mr. *Robert Lloyd*, and *Jonathan Nicholls*, Esq; in *Queen-Anne's* County.——Col. *Joseph Nicholson*, and Mr. *Dennis Dulany*, in *Kent* County.——*Mr. Michael Earle*, and *Mr. Francis Key*, in *Cecil* County.——*John Dorsall*, Esq; Mr. *Robert Peters*, and the Editor, in *Frederick* County.—Col. *William Young*, Mr. *Brian Philpot*, the Rev. Mr. *Thomas Cradock*, and Mr. *Daniel Chamier*, Merchant, in *Baltimore* County.——The Honourable *Daniel Dulany*, Esq; and *Richard Dorsey*, Esq; at *Annapolis*.——*William Murdock*, Esq; Dr. *David Ross*, and the Rev. Mr. *Henry Addison*, in *Prince-George's* County.——The Honourable *Richard Lee*, Esq; and Mr. *Samuel Hanson*, in *Charles* County.——*Philip Key*, Esq; and Col. *Abraham Barnes*, in *St. Mary's* County.——Col. *William Fitzhugh*, and Mr. *Charles Grahame*, in *Calvert* County.——*Mr. Robert Morris*, and Mr. *Robert Greenway*, in *Philadelphia*.——The Honourable and Reverend *Thomas Dawson*, President of *William and Mary* College, and *William Hunter*, Esq; at *Williamsburg*, in *Virginia*.

SARAH CALLAHAN,
Widow of James Callahan, *Taylor, lately deceased, in* ANNAPOLIS,

HEREBY gives Notice, That, having Hands to perform the same, she continues to carry on the TAYLOR's BUSINESS, at the same Place where her late Husband lived, and hopes for the Continuance of her Husband's Customers, who, as well as all Others who shall be pleased to employ her, may depend on having their Work faithfully and well done.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER,
Living in PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTERN-STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlewomen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

THERE is in the Possession of *George Eyeson*, living on *Sam's* Creek in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Shoulder W, and on the near Buttock, but what is uncertain; and had on a Bell mark'd RB.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

The Schooner NANCY,
ALEXANDER SCOUGALL,
Master,
Now lying at ANNAPOLIS,

WILL, in a short Time, be ready to take in Freight, for *Philadelphia*, *New-York*, or any Part of the *West-Indies*. For further Particulars, enquire of Mr. *Patrick Creagh* in *Annapolis*, or of Capt. *Scougall* on board.

10th Day of the 4th Month, 1759.

Prepared to be offered at PUBLIC SALE, *on the Premises, at about* XII *o'Clock, on the Day by some called* Whitsun Monday, *by Will of* Thomas Carr, *deceased*,

HIS late DWELLING PLANTATION, containing Five Hundred and Five Acres of Land, lying in *Baltimore* County, about ten Miles in the Forest from *Baltimore-Town*, called the *Resolution*, convenient for Farming, Meadowing, Planting, Stock, &c. For Rights and Conditions, enquire of JOSEPH TAYLER,
Executor and Trustee of the said Deceased.
2

Dumfries, in *Virginia*, *April* 12, 1759.

RAN away from the Subscriber on Saturday last, Two Convict Servant Men, both *Irish*; one named *John Birk*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair, which is very black, short, and bushy, has a Mole on one of his Cheeks, is a strong, able, well-made Man. Had on when he went away, a dark Drab colour'd Sailor's Jacket, a Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, a Check Shirt, a short Swan-skin under Jacket, a new Felt Hat, an old Silk Handkerchief; he likewise took with him an old grey Kersey Jacket. The other named *William Batter*, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion, wears his own Hair, which is of a lightish Colour, one of his Fingers crooked, but on which Hand forgot. Had on when he went away, mostly the same Kind of Cloaths as the former. They took with them some Check and white Linen, with sundry other Things.

Any Person that apprehends the said Convicts, and secures them so as their Master may get them again, shall receive Five Pounds for each, paid by
2 RICHARD GRAHAM.

WHEREAS the Justices of *Frederick* County Court, have been sundry Times disappointed in procuring the Standard of Weights and Measures for said County, pursuant to Act of Assembly in that Case made and provided: Therefore if any Person can supply them with the said Weights and Measures, he is desired to give Notice thereof to the Justices of said County Court, who will purchase the same.
3

THERE is at the Plantation of *Charles Sewell*, living in *Charles* County, near *Zachiah Old Bridges*, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, unbranded; has a small Piece cut out of his left Ear, a few white Hairs in his Forehead, and paces a little.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the House of Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town *in* Frederick *County, on Wednesday the 20th Day of* June *next, the following Tracts of* LAND, viz.

GORDON's *Purchase*, containing 150 Acres; lying *near Little-Anti-Eatem* in *Frederick* County, on which there are some Improvements.

Part of a Tract of Land, called *Exchange and new Exchange Enlarged*, containing 700 Acres, lying between *Rock-Creek* and *Lawrence Owen's*.

Black Acre, containing 433 Acres, and lying near the *Sugar Loaf Mountain*.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may be informed of the Title, and Terms of Sale, by applying to Mr. *John Cary* of *Frederick-Town*, or to
4 JAMES DICK.

THERE is in the Possession of *Thomas Ewing*, living near *Patapsco Ferry*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder W, and on the near Buttock, but what is uncertain, and had on a Bell mark'd RB.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ABOUT 150 Acres of Land, called *Brady's Cove*, lying in *Frederick* County, on which there is a Settlement and Improvement, and being unwilling he will endeavour to dispose of it again, hereby forewarns all Persons from buying the said Land, as he has legally bought and paid for the same.

BENJAMIN WALLIS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Wednesday the 9th Day of May instant, at the Subscriber's Store in Annapolis,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 400 Acres, lately possessed by Mr. *Henry Wells*, deceased, lying on *Patuxent* River, about 2 Miles below the Mouth of *Rock-Creek*, with small Improvements, consisting of a Dwelling-House, a Brick Washing-House, and several convenient Out-Houses, and 3 or 4 young Orchards.

For Title or Terms, enquire of
JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship WYE-RIVER, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in* Annapolis,

A LARGE Quantity of fine BOHEA, GREEN, and HYSON TEAS, on reasonable Rates.

ROBERT SWAN.

JOHN INCH, *Silversmith*,

HAVING lately procured an excellent Workman from *London*, Carries on his Business at his Shop near the Inspecting-House in *Annapolis*, and performs any Plate Work, either small or large in the best and most fashionable Manner, on the cheapest Rates. He also Enamels Rings for Mourning.

To be Disposed of by the said Inch, the Time of a Dutch Servant Man, that has about Two Years to serve, and who understands Turning and Cutting.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
TAYLOR,

HEREBY gives Notice to his old Customers and Others, That he now carries on his Business at the House where he formerly lived (before he removed to his Plantation on the North Side of *Severn*) in *Annapolis*.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL valuable Tracts of LAND, lying in the lower Part of *Frederick* County, well Water'd, Timber'd, and plenty of good Meadow Ground; for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or lowry Tobacco. For further Particulars enquire of
HENRY WALLIS CRASS.

On Monday the 21st Day of May, the Subscriber will sell to the Highest Bidder, at the House of Mr. William Brown, in London-Town,

ABOUT 350 Acres of LAND, lying very near *London-Town*, the Land being Part of the Estate of Mr. *William Penn*, late of said Town, deceased.

Also, One Lot in the *New-Town* of *Annapolis*, Number E, lying on the Street leading from *Severn Ferry*, with the Brick House in which the *French Minister* formerly lived.

For Title, enquire of the Subscriber.

Where will likewise be Sold to the Highest Bidder, a young Negro Woman and her Child, for Bills of Exchange.

JAMES MOFFAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES WILKINSON, } *Executors.*

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the Printing-Office near the Church, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with the GAZETTE, at 33s. 6d. *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.